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→ Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for...

Data tables, 2016 Census

Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for the Population in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2016 Census - 25% Sample Data

Data table

Sel	lect	data	categor	ies 1	for t	his	tab	е
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Geography → Geographic index	Age (8B)
Nunavut	Total - Age
Sex (3)	
Total - Sex	

	Nunavut							
	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official languag minority (numbe		
Population in private households - 25% sample data	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	62		
otal - Age groups, average age and median age for the population in private ouseholds - 25% sample data	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	62		
0 to 14 years	11,650	10,235	110	20	1,285	12		
0 to 4 years	4,145	3,305	45	10	785	Ę		
5 to 9 years	4,100	3,680	40	10	375	4		
10 to 14 years	3,405	3,250	20	10	120	2		
15 to 64 years	22,615	21,810	440	60	305	4		
15 to 19 years	3,125	3,070	10	10	40			
20 to 24 years	3,010	2,955	30	10	25			
25 to 29 years	3,140	3,060	50	0	25			
30 to 34 years	2,775	2,675	75	10	20			
35 to 39 years	2,365	2,265	85	10	10			
40 to 44 years	1,990	1,930	40	0	15			
45 to 49 years	2,040	1,965	40	0	30			
50 to 54 years	1,825	1,725	55	15	35			
55 to 59 years	1,390	1,315	40	0	35			
60 to 64 years	955	855	30	10	70			
65 years and over	1,315	850	25	10	430			
65 to 69 years	640	525	15	0	95			
70 to 74 years	340	200	10	10	135			
75 to 79 years	195	75	0	0	110			
80 to 84 years	95	35	0	0	60			
85 years and over	40	15	10	0	30			
85 to 89 years	35	15	0	0	20			
90 to 94 years	10	0	0	0	0			
95 to 99 years	10	0	0	0	0			
100 years and over	0	0	0	0	0			

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Median age	25.0	25.3	37.0	36.3	7.6	(not applicable)		
Total - Marital status for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	23,935	22,655	470	70	735	500		
Married or living common law	12,840	12,165	285	40	355	305		
Married	6,570	6,100	160	20	290	170		
Living common law	6,270	6,065	125	20	65	135		
Not married and not living common law	11,095	10,495	180	30	385	195		
Never married	9,575	9,265	135	25	160	145		
Separated	395	370	10	0	10	10		
Divorced	430	390	35	0	0	35		
Widowed	690	470	0	10	210	0		
Total - Income statistics in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	23,930	22,660	470	65	740	500		
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	22,435	21,200	465	65	710	(not applicable)		
Average total income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	50,689	50,430	91,499	63,585	30,578	(not applicable)		
Median total income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	29,743	29,602	92,245	40,917	21,664	(not applicable)		
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	22,435	21,200	460	70	710	(not applicable)		
Average after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	43,247	43,016	75,405	53,002	28,221	(not applicable)		
Median after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	28,635	28,524	75,904	36,832	21,536	(not applicable)		
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	19,220	18,190	445	60	530	(not applicable)		
Average market income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	52,115	51,979	90,696	65,135	22,507	(not applicable)		
Median market income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	30,583	30,579	92,211	40,320	8,992	(not applicable)		
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	21,890	20,670	450	60	705	(not applicable)		
Average government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$)	6,191	5,981	3,656	6,519	13,947	(not applicable)		
Median government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$)	2,524	2,372	1,207	2,645	15,328	(not applicable)		
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	18,585	17,640	435	55	455	(not applicable)		
Average employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	51,195	51,001	88,416	63,408	21,638	(not applicable)		
Median employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	29,724	29,602	92,203	41,216	6,704	(not applicable)		
Composition of total income in 2015 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data 4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(not applicable)		
Market income (%) 5	88.1	88.4	95.9	94.6	54.9	(not applicable)		
Employment income (%) ⁶	83.7	84.1	90.4	78.4	45.3	(not applicable)		
Government transfers (%)	11.9	11.6	3.9	10.3	45.3	(not applicable)		
Total - Total income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 8	23,935	22,655	465	65	740	500		
Without total income	1,495	1,460	0	0	30	0		
With total income	22,435	21,195	465	70	710	495		
Percentage with total income	93.7	93.6	100.0	100.0	95.9	99.0		
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	5,320	5,170	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	110	35		
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,345	3,140	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	170	30		
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,610	2,365	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	215	30		
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,810	1,690	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	85	30		
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,190	1,125	15	F (too unreliable to be published)	40	15		
\$50,000 to \$59,999	810	775	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	15	20		

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
\$60,000 to \$69,999	730	690	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	30		
\$70,000 to \$79,999	730	690	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	30		
\$80,000 to \$89,999	820	770	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	25		
\$90,000 to \$99,999	835	800	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	25		
\$100,000 and over	4,230	3,975	210	F (too unreliable to be published)	30	220		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	3,215	3,045	140	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	150		
\$150,000 and over	1,010	930	70	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	70		
Total - After-tax income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	23,930	22,660	470	70	735	500		
Without after-tax income	1,495	1,460	10	0	25	0		
With after-tax income	22,435	21,195	460	65	710	495		
Percentage with after-tax income	93.8	93.5	97.9	92.9	96.6	99.0		
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	5,340	5,180	35	F (too unreliable to be published)	110	35		
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,415	3,200	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	175	35		
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,825	2,575	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	210	30		
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,920	1,790	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	95	30		
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,270	1,215	20	F (too unreliable to be published)	35	15		
\$50,000 to \$59,999	985	925	40	F (too unreliable to be published)	15	40		
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,015	950	45	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	45		
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,085	1,030	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	35		
\$80,000 and over	4,595	4,330	215	F (too unreliable to be published)	30	225		
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,090	1,045	35	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	35		
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,025	970	40	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	40		
\$100,000 and over	2,480	2,310	140	F (too unreliable to be published)	15	145		
Total - Employment income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 12	23,935	22,660	470	65	740	500		
Without employment income	5,345	5,020	30	15	280	35		
With employment income	18,590	17,640	435	60	455	460		
Percentage with employment income	77.7	77.8	92.6	92.3	61.5	92.0		
Under \$5,000 (including loss)	3,930	3,695	15	F (too unreliable to be published)	205	20		
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1,805	1,715	15	F (too unreliable to be published)	65	20		
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,150	2,070	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	55	30		
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1,435	1,370	20	F (too unreliable to be published)	45	20		
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,025	975	20	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	25		
\$40,000 to \$49,999	815	775	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	30		

			First off	icial language spo	ken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
\$50,000 to \$59,999	710	670	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	30
\$60,000 to \$69,999	655	625	20	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	20
\$70,000 to \$79,999	675	640	25	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	25
\$80,000 and over	5,390	5,095	240	F (too unreliable to be published)	40	250
\$80,000 to \$89,999	760	730	20	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	15
\$90,000 to \$99,999	805	765	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	30
\$100,000 and over	3,830	3,600	195	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	205
Total - Employment income statistics for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data $^{1\!\!1}$	23,930	22,660	465	70	735	500
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households who worked full year full time in 2015 - 25% sample data 12	7,580	7,225	255	25	75	(not applicable)
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 13	90,230	89,790	113,920	104,704	45,952	(not applicable
Average employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 14	88,321	87,974	106,520	103,641	54,314	(not applicable)
Total - Knowledge of official languages for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 15	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	615
English only	31,975	31,975	0	0	0	C
French only	55	0	55	0	0	55
English and French	1,510	900	520	90	0	565
Neither English nor French	2,045	25	0	0	2,025	C
Total - Language spoken most often at home for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 16	35,580	32,895	575	85	2,020	620
English	16,610	16,390	220	0	0	220
French	340	15	325	0	0	325
Non-official language	18,020	15,910	10	80	2,025	50
Aboriginal	17,705	15,630	10	60	2,005	40
Non-Aboriginal	315	280	0	20	15	15
English and French	20	0	10	10	0	15
English and non-official language	580	580	0	0	0	C
French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	C
English, French and non-official language	10	0	10	0	0	C
Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data $^{1\!\!\!/}$	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	620
None	17,345	15,145	310	45	1,845	335
English	9,535	9,210	110	35	175	130
French	235	140	100	0	0	100
Non-official language	8,420	8,375	40	10	0	45
Aboriginal	7,990	7,975	20	0	10	15
Non-Aboriginal	435	400	25	10	0	30
English and French	0	0	0	0	0	C
English and non-official language	20	15	10	0	0	C
French and non-official language	15	15	0	0	0	10
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	C
Total - Mother tongue for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 18	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	620
English	10,965	10,965	0	0	0	C
French	585	30	555	0	0	555
Non-official language	23,295	21,180	10	85	2,025	50
Aboriginal	22,570	20,495	0	60	2,015	35
Non-Aboriginal	725	685	10	20	10	20

		First official language spoken (6)						
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
English and French	25	15	10	0	0	10		
English and non-official language	690	690	0	0	0	C		
French and non-official language	15	10	10	0	0	C		
English, French and non-official language	10	10	0	0	0	C		
Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - 25% sample data 19	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,020	620		
Official languages	33,535	32,875	575	85	0	620		
English	33,480	32,875	515	85	0	565		
French	1,565	900	575	85	0	620		
Non-official languages	28,435	26,195	135	85	2,025	180		
Aboriginal languages	27,345	25,220	55	60	2,010	90		
Non-Aboriginal languages	1,240	1,095	90	25	20	100		
Total - Aboriginal identity for the population in private households - 25% sample data 20	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,020	620		
Aboriginal identity 21	30,550	28,410	65	65	2,015	95		
Single Aboriginal responses 22	30,490	28,355	65	60	2,010	95		
First Nations (North American Indian) 23	190	185	0	0	0	(
Métis	165	140	20	0	0	20		
Inuk (Inuit)	30,140	28,025	35	60	2,010	70		
Multiple Aboriginal responses ²⁴	55	55	0	0	0	(
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere 25	0	0	0	0	0	(
Non-Aboriginal identity	5,025	4,485	515	30	10	525		
Total - Population by Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private	-,	.,						
households - 25% sample data 26	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,020	615		
Registered or Treaty Indian 27	165	165	10	0	0	10		
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	35,415	32,730	570	85	2,025	610		
Total - Aboriginal ancestry for the population in private households - 25% sample data 28	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	615		
Aboriginal ancestry (only) 29	25,215	23,330	35	45	1,810	55		
Single Aboriginal ancestry (only) 30	25,030	23,145	35	40	1,810	55		
First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry 31	100	85	10	0	0	10		
Métis single ancestry	40	30	0	0	0	10		
Inuit single ancestry	24,890	23,030	15	40	1,805	35		
Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only) 32	185	185	0	0	0	(
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestries	10	0	0	0	0	(
First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestries	165	165	0	0	10	(
Métis and Inuit ancestries	20	15	0	0	0	(
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries	0	0	0	0	0	(
Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 33	5,205	4,915	65	15	200	75		
Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 34	4,990	4,705	70	15	195	75		
First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Aboriginal ancestries	255	230	25	0	0	20		
Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries	65	50	15	0	0	15		
Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	4,670	4,425	30	15	195	40		
Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 35	215	210	0	0	0	40		
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries	10	10	0	0	0	(
First Nations (North American Indian), Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	155	155	0	0	0			
Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	55	50	0	0	0			
•								
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	0	0	0	0	0	400		
Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only) 36	5,165	4,645	475	30	15	490		
Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - 25% sample data 20 21 22 23 26 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,020	620		
Canadian citizens 38	35,280	32,630	555	85	2,020	598		
Canadian citizens only	35,175	32,525	550	85	2,020	590		

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Not Canadian citizens 39	295	265	20	10	10	25		
Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households - 25% sample data $\frac{40}{2}$	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,025	620		
Non-immigrants 41	34,605	31,985	530	70	2,020	565		
Immigrants 42	920	850	45	20	0	50		
Before 1981	155	150	0	10	0	10		
1981 to 1990	105	100	10	0	0	C		
1991 to 2000	165	155	10	10	0	C		
2001 to 2010	335	310	15	10	0	15		
2001 to 2005	160	155	10	0	0	10		
2006 to 2010	175	155	10	10	0	15		
2011 to 2016 43	170	140	20	0	0	20		
Non-permanent residents 44	55	60	0	0	0	10		
Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data 45	915	850	45	20	0	55		
Under 5 years	100	95	10	0	0	10		
5 to 14 years	160	150	0	0	0	10		
15 to 24 years	165	155	10	10	0	10		
25 to 44 years	435	405	25	10	0	30		
45 years and over	60	50	0	0	0	0		
Total - Selected places of birth for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data 42	920	855	40	20	0	55		
Americas	155	150	10	0	0	0		
Brazil	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Colombia	0	0	0	0	0	0		
El Salvador	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Guyana	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Haiti	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Jamaica	25	25	0	0	0	C		
Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Peru	0	10	0	0	0	C		
Trinidad and Tobago	10	0	0	0	0	C		
United States 47	60	60	0	0	0	C		
Other places of birth in Americas	45	45	0	0	0	C		
Europe	190	180	10	10	0	10		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Croatia	0	0	0	0	0	C		
France	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Germany	20	20	0	0	0	С		
Greece	0	10	0	0	0	C		
Hungary	0	10	0	0	0	0		
Ireland 48	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Italy	10	10	0	0	0	С		
Netherlands	10	10	0	0	0	C		
Poland	15	15	0	0	0	C		
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Romania	10	0	0	0	0	0		
Russian Federation	10	0	0	0	0	(
Serbia 49	0	0	0	10	0	C		
Ukraine	10	0	0	0	0	C		
United Kingdom 50	80	80	0	0	0	C		
Other places of birth in Europe	25	20	0	0	0	C		

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Africa	190	160	25	10	0	30		
Algeria	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Egypt	0	10	0	0	0	C		
Ethiopia	20	20	0	0	0	C		
Kenya	10	10	0	0	0	C		
Morocco	0	0	0	0	0	(
Nigeria	30	30	0	0	0	(
Somalia	10	10	0	0	0	(
South Africa, Republic of	15	10	0	0	0	(
Other places of birth in Africa	105	75	25	0	0	2:		
Asia	370	355	0	0	0	(
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Bangladesh	20	20	0	0	0	(
China 51	20	15	0	0	0	(
Hong Kong 52	0	0	0	0	0			
India	30	30	0	0	0			
Iran 53	10	10	0	0	0			
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0			
	0	0	0	0	0			
Korea, South 54	10	10	0	0	0			
Lebanon	15	15	0	0	0			
Pakistan	30	30	0	0	0	,		
	185	180	0	0	0	'		
Philippines	103		0	0	0			
Sri Lanka		10						
Syria 55	0	0	0	0	0			
Taiwan	0	0	0	0	0			
Viet Nam	0	0	0	0	0			
Other places of birth in Asia	35	30	0	10	0			
Oceania and other places of birth Fotal - Selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households 25% sample data All and a selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households 25% sample data	10	10	20	10	10	2		
Americas	35	30	0	0	0	2		
Brazil	0	0	0	0	0			
Colombia	0	0	0	0	0			
Cuba	0	0	0	0	0			
Haiti	0	0	0	0	0			
Jamaica	10	0	0	0	0			
Mexico	10	0	0	0	0			
United States 58	20	15	0	0	0	-		
Venezuela 59	0	0	0	0	0			
Other places of birth in Americas	10	10	0	0	0			
Europe	10	0	0	0	0	10		
France	0	0	0	0	0			
Germany	0	0	0	0	0			
Ireland 👳	0	0	0	0	0			
Moldova 61	0	0	0	0	0			
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	ı		
Russian Federation	0	0	0	0	0	(
Ukraine	0	0	0	0	0			
United Kingdom 62	10	0	0	0	0			
Other places of birth in Europe	10	0	0	0	0	(

			First off	icial language spol	(en (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official languag minority (numbe
Africa	45	30	15	0	0	1
Algeria	0	0	0	0	0	
Cameroon	0	0	0	0	0	
Congo, Democratic Republic of the	0	0	0	0	0	
Côte d'Ivoire	10	0	10	0	0	
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	
Eritrea	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethiopia	0	0	0	0	0	
Morocco	0	0	0	0	0	
Nigeria	10	10	0	0	0	
Somalia	0	0	0	0	0	
South Africa, Republic of	0	10	0	0	0	
Tunisia	0	0	0	0	0	
Other places of birth in Africa	10	10	0	0	0	
Asia	75	70	0	0	0	
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	
Bangladesh	10	0	0	0	0	
China 63	0	0	0	0	0	
Hong Kong 64	0	0	0	0	0	
India	0	10	0	0	0	
Iran 65	0	0	0	0	0	
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0	
Israel	0	0	0	0	0	
Japan	0	0	0	0	0	
Korea, South 98	0	0	0	0	0	
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	
Nepal	0	0	0	0	0	
Pakistan	0	10	0	0	0	
	50	45	0	0	0	
Philippines Soudi Arabia						
Saudi Arabia	10	0	0	0	0	
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	
Syria [©] Z	0	0	0	10	0	
Taiwan	0	0	0	0	0	
Turkey	0	0	0	0	0	
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	0	0	
Viet Nam	0	0	0	0	0	
Other places of birth in Asia	0	10	0	0	0	
Oceania and other 68	0	0	0	0	0	
Australia	0	0	0	0	0	
Other places of birth 69	0	0	0	0	0	
otal - Generation status for the population in private households - 25% sample data 20	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,020	6
First generation 71	1,025	960	40	20	0	
Second generation ¹²	925	875	40	10	10	
Third generation or more 73	33,630	31,065	495	65	2,010	5
otal - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private ouseholds who landed between 1980 and 2016 - 25% sample data 24	770	710	35	20	10	
Economic immigrants 75	430	395	25	10	0	
Principal applicants 76	230	205	15	10	0	
Secondary applicants Z	200	185	10	10	0	
	235	215	10	0	0	

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Other immigrants 80	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - 25% sample data $\frac{81}{2}$	35,580	32,895	575	85	2,020	615		
Total visible minority population 82	910	835	50	15	0	60		
South Asian 83	115	110	0	10	0	0		
Chinese	70	70	0	0	0	0		
Black	325	280	45	10	0	45		
Filipino	235	230	0	10	0	0		
Latin American	40	35	0	10	0	10		
Arab	40	40	0	0	0	0		
Southeast Asian 84	25	25	0	0	0	0		
West Asian 85	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Korean	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Japanese	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Visible minority, n.i.e. 95	20	20	0	0	0	0		
Multiple visible minorities 87	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Not a visible minority 88	34,675	32,060	525	70	2,020	560		
Total - Ethnic origin for the population in private households - 25% sample data	35,580	32,895	575	90	2,020	620		
North American Aboriginal origins	30,415		100	60	2,010	130		
First Nations (North American Indian)	690	650	35	0	10	40		
Inuit	29,950	27,845	45	55	2,005	70		
Métis	185	160	20	0	0	25		
Other North American origins	1,820	1,595	185	0	35	185		
Acadian	105	80	20	0	0	25		
American	230	225	10	0	0	0		
Canadian	1,310	1,155	125	0	30	130		
New Brunswicker	10	0	10	0	0	0		
Newfoundlander	125	120	0	10	0	0		
Nova Scotian	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Ontarian	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Québécois	50	25	30	0	0	30		
Other North American origins, n.i.e. 99	0	0	0	0	0	0		
European origins	8,320	7,685	430	30	170	445		
British Isles origins	5,810	5,570	90	10	140	95		
Channel Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cornish	0	0	0	0	0	0		
English	1,625	1,575	20	0	25	15		
Irish	1,740	1,680	50	10	10	55		
Manx	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Scottish	3,265	3,115	30	10	105	35		
Welsh	155	155	10	0	0	0		
British Isles origins, n.i.e. 91	355	350	10	0	0	0		
French origins	1,485	1,085	375	10	15	375		
Alsatian	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Breton	10	10	10	0	0	0		
Corsican	10	0	0	0	0	0		
French	1,480	1,080	370	10	20	375		
Western European origins (except French origins)	975	940	30	0	0	30		
Austrian	40	35	0	0	0	0		
Bavarian	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Belgian	30		10	0	0	0		

			ial language spok	(en (6)		
elected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income haracteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number
Dutch	190	190	10	0	0	10
Flemish	0	0	0	0	0	C
Frisian	0	0	0	0	0	C
German	745	720	15	10	0	20
Luxembourger	0	0	0	0	0	C
Swiss	20	10	0	0	0	10
Western European origins, n.i.e. 92	10	10	0	0	0	(
Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	675	670	0	0	10	10
Danish	295	290	0	0	0	(
Finnish	45	45	0	0	0	(
Icelandic	35	30	0	0	0	(
Norwegian	150	145	0	0	0	(
Swedish	115	120	0	0	0	(
Northern European origins, n.i.e. 93	85	80	0	0	0	10
Eastern European origins	520	495	15	0	0	1:
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0	0	
Byelorussian	0	0	0	0	0	
Czech	10	10	0	0	0	
Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. 94	10	10	0	0	0	
Estonian	10	0	0	0	0	
Hungarian	50	50	0	0	0	
Latvian	10	0	0	0	0	
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0	0	
Moldovan	0	0	0	0	0	
Polish	140	140	0	0	0	
Romanian	20	15	0	0	0	
Russian	100	95	0	0	0	
Slovak	20	20	10	0	0	
Ukrainian	195	195	0	0	0	
Eastern European origins, n.i.e. 95	30	20	15	0	0	1
Southern European origins	415	385	20	0	0	2
Albanian	10	0	0	0	0	
Bosnian	0	0	0	0	0	
Catalan	0	0	0	0	0	
Croatian	10	10	10	0	0	
Cypriot	0	0	0	0	0	
Greek	20	15	0	0	0	1
Italian	180	160	10	0	0	1
Kosovar	0	0	0	0	0	
Macedonian	0	0	0	0	0	
Maltese	0	0	0	0	0	
Montenegrin	0	0	0	0	0	(
Portuguese	115	110	10	0	0	(
Serbian	10	0	10	0	0	(
Sicilian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Slovenian	0	10	0	0	0	(
Spanish	75	70	0	0	0	(
Yugoslavian, n.o.s. ⁹⁶	10	10	0	0	0	(
Southern European origins, n.i.e. 97	0	0	0	0	0	
Other European origins	340	320	10	0	10	10

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number		
Basque	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Jewish	30	30	0	0	0	C		
Roma (Gypsy)	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Slavic, n.o.s. 98	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Other European origins, n.i.e. 99	305	285	10	0	10	10		
Caribbean origins	95	85	10	0	0	(
Antiguan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Bahamian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Barbadian	10	10	0	0	0	(
Bermudan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Carib	0	0	0	0	0			
Cuban	0	0	0	0	0			
Dominican	0	10	0	0	0	ı		
Grenadian	0	0	0	0	0			
Guadeloupean	0	0	0	0	0			
Haitian	0	0	10	0	0	ı		
Jamaican	40	40	0	0	0			
Kittitian/Nevisian	0	0	0	0	0			
Martinican	0	0	0	0	0			
Montserratan	0	0	0	0	0			
Puerto Rican	0	0	0	0	0			
St. Lucian	0	0	0	0	0			
Trinidadian/Tobagonian	10	10	0	0	0			
Vincentian/Grenadinian	10	0	0	0	0			
West Indian, n.o.s. 100	15	15	0	0	0			
Caribbean origins, n.i.e. 101	10	10	0	0	0	1		
Latin, Central and South American origins	65	60	0	0	0	1		
Aboriginal from Central/South America (except Arawak and Maya)	0	0	0	0	0			
Arawak	0	0	0	0	0			
Argentinian	0	10	0	0	0			
Belizean	0		0	0	0			
Bolivian	0	0	0	0	0			
Brazilian	0	0	0	0	0			
Chilean	0	10	0	0	0			
Colombian	10	10	0	0	0			
Costa Rican	10	0	0	0	0			
Ecuadorian	10		0	0	0			
Guatemalan	0		0	0	0			
Guyanese	10		0	0	0			
Hispanic	10		0	0	0			
Honduran	0		0	0	0			
Maya	10		0	0	0			
Mexican	10		0	0	0			
Nicaraguan	0		0	0	0			
Panamanian	0		0	0	0			
Paraguayan	0		0	0	0			
Peruvian	10		0	0	0			
Salvadorean	0		0	0	0			
Uruguayan	0		0	0	0			

	First official language spoken (6)							
elected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income haracteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official languag minority (number		
Latin, Central and South American origins, n.i.e. 102	10	10	0	0	0			
African origins	465	410	40	10	10	4		
Central and West African origins	70	50	20	0	0	1		
Akan	0	0	0	0	0			
Angolan	0	0	0	0	0			
Ashanti	0	0	0	0	0			
Beninese	0	0	0	0	0			
Burkinabe	0	0	0	0	0			
Cameroonian	15	0	10	0	0	1		
Chadian	0	0	0	0	0			
Congolese	0	0	0	0	0			
Edo	0	0	0	0	0			
Ewe	0	0	0	0	0			
Gabonese	0	0	0	0	0			
Gambian	0	0	0	0	0			
Ghanaian	10	10	0	0	0			
Guinean	0	0	0	0	0			
Ibo	0	10	0	0	0			
Ivorian	0	0	0	0	0			
Liberian	0	0	0	0	0			
Malian	0	0	0	0	0			
Malinké	0	0	0	0	0			
Nigerian	25	20	0	0	0			
Peulh	0	0	0	0	0			
Senegalese	0	0	0	0	0			
Sierra Leonean	0	0	0	0	0			
Togolese	0	0	0	0	0			
Wolof	0	0	0	0	0			
Yoruba	15	15	0	0	0			
Central and West African origins, n.i.e. 103	10	0	0	0	0			
North African origins	30	25	0	10	0			
Algerian	0	0	0	0	0			
Berber	0	0	0	0	0			
Coptic	0	0	0	0	0			
Dinka	0	0	0	0	0			
Egyptian	10	15	0	0	0			
Libyan	0		0	0	0			
Maure	0	0	0	0	0			
Moroccan	10	0	0	0	0			
Sudanese	10	0	0	0	0			
Tunisian	0		0	0	0			
North African origins, n.i.e. 104	0	0	0	0	0			
Southern and East African origins	85		0	0	0			
Afrikaner	10	0	0	0	0			
Amhara	0	0	0	0	0			
Bantu, n.o.s. 105	10	10	0	0	0			
Burundian	0	0	0	0	0			
Djiboutian	0		0	0	0			
Eritrean	10		0	0	0			
Ethiopian	25		0	0	0			

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
Harari	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Kenyan	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Malagasy	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Mauritian	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Oromo	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Rwandan	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Seychellois	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Somali	10	10	0	0	0	C		
South African	10	0	0	0	0	C		
Tanzanian	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Tigrian	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Ugandan	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Zambian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Zimbabwean	15	15	0	0	0	C		
Zulu	10	0	0	0	0	(
Southern and East African origins, n.i.e. 108	0	0	0	0	0	(
Other African origins	285	255	20	0	0	20		
Black, n.o.s. 107	50	40	0	10	10	10		
Other African origins, n.i.e. 108	240	220	20	10	0	20		
Asian origins	615	590	10	10	0	15		
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	100	90	0	0	10	10		
Afghan	10	0	0	0	0	(
Arab, n.o.s. 109	10	10	0	0	0	(
Armenian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Assyrian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0	0	(
Georgian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Hazara	0	0	0	0	0	(
Iranian	20	15	10	0	0			
	0	10	0	0	0	(
Iraqı Israeli	0		0	0	0	(
Jordanian	0	10	0	0	0	(
Kazakh	0		0	0	0			
Kurd	0	0	0	0	0	'		
	0	0	0	0	0	'		
Kuwaiti	0	0	0	0	0			
Kyrgyz						(
Lebanese	35		0	0	0	(
Palestinian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Pashtun	0	0	0	0	0	(
Saudi Arabian	0		0	0	0	(
Syrian	0		0	0	0	(
Tajik 	0	0	0	0	0	(
Tatar	0	0	0	0	0	(
Turk	10	15	0	0	0	(
Turkmen	0	0	0	0	0	(
Uighur	0	0	0	0	0	(
Uzbek	0	0	0	0	0	(
Yemeni	0	0	0	0	0	(
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins, n.i.e. 110	0	0	0	10	0	(
South Asian origins	125	120	0	0	0	C		

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number			
Bangladeshi	20	20	0	10	0	C			
Bengali	0	0	0	0	0	C			
Bhutanese	0	0	0	0	0	(
East Indian	65	60	0	0	0	(
Goan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Gujarati	0	0	0	0	0	(
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0	0				
Nepali	10	0	0	0	0				
Pakistani	15	15	0	0	0				
Punjabi	0	0	0	0	0				
Sinhalese	0	0	0	0	0				
Sri Lankan	10	15	0	0	0				
Tamil	0	10	0	0	0				
South Asian origins, n.i.e. 111	15	15	0	0	0				
East and Southeast Asian origins	385	375	0	10	0	1			
Burmese	0	0	0	0	0				
Cambodian (Khmer)	0	0	0	0	0				
Chinese	115	115	0	0	10				
Filipino	250	245	0	0	0	1			
Hmong	0	0	0	0	0				
Indonesian	0	10	0	0	0				
Japanese	15	15	0	0	0				
Karen	0	0	0	0	0				
Korean	15	15	0	0	0				
Laotian	0	0	0	0	0				
Malaysian	10	0	0	0	0				
Mongolian	0	10	0	0	0				
Singaporean	0	0	0	0	0				
Taiwanese	0	0	0	0	0				
Thai	0	0	0	0	0				
Tibetan	0	0	0	0	0				
Vietnamese	0	0	10	0	0				
East and Southeast Asian origins, n.i.e. 112	0	0	0	0	0				
Other Asian origins	10	15	0	0	0				
Other Asian origins, n.i.e. 113	10	10	0	0	0				
·	15	15	0	0	0				
Oceania origins									
Australian New Zeelander	10	10	0	0	0				
New Zealander	0	0	0	0	0				
Pacific Islands origins	0	0	0	0	0				
Fijian	0	0	0	0	0				
Hawaiian	0	0	0	0	0				
Maori	0	0	0	0	0				
Samoan	0	0	0	0	0				
Polynesian, n.o.s. 114	0	0	0	0	0				
Pacific Islands origins, n.i.e. 115	0	0	0	0	0				
Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over n private households - 25% sample data 118	23,930	22,660	465	70	740	50			
No certificate, diploma or degree	12,140	11,435	30	25	645	4:			
Occasion (bink) ask and distance as a surjudance and the state of the	3,615	3,490	95	10	20	10			
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate 1117									

			FIRST OTTI	cial language spok		
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ¹¹⁸	1,140	1,095	20	0	30	20
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 119	695	670	15	0	10	15
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	3,580	3,430	115	15	25	120
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	215	200	15	10	0	20
University certificate of diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	2,540	2,345	175	15	10	185
	1,680	1,555	115	10	0	115
Bachelor's degree	1,000			0		
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		80	0	0	0	10
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	25	25			0	
Master's degree	695	640	50	0	0	55
Earned doctorate 120 Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2016 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 121	23,930	45 22,660	465	70	740	500
					670	
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 122 Education	15,750	14,925	125	35		145
	1,005	965	30	0	10	30
13. Education	1,005	970	30	0	10	30
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies	195	180	10	0	0	10
Communications technologies/technicians and support services	35	35	0	0	0	0
50. Visual and performing arts	160	150	10	0	10	10
Humanities	365	340	20	0	0	25
16. Aboriginal and foreign languages, literatures and linguistics	100	100	0	0	0	0
23. English language and literature/letters	60	55	10	10	0	0
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities	75	65	10	0	0	10
30A Interdisciplinary humanities 123	0	0	0	0	0	0
38. Philosophy and religious studies	25	20	0	0	0	0
39. Theology and religious vocations	40	40	0	0	0	0
54. History	60	60	0	0	0	10
55. French language and literature/letters	10	0	10	0	0	0
Social and behavioural sciences and law	1,010	930	65	0	10	65
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies	180	180	0	0	0	0
09. Communication, journalism and related programs	50	45	10	0	0	0
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences	310	300	10	0	10	0
22. Legal professions and studies	130	110	15	0	0	20
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 124	25	25	0	0	0	0
42. Psychology	60	55	0	0	0	10
45. Social sciences	250	220	25	0	0	30
Business, management and public administration	1,655	1,585	60	0	10	60
30.16 Accounting and computer science	0	0	0	0	0	0
44. Public administration and social service professions	210	195	10	0	0	10
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services	1,445	1,390	45	0	0	50
Physical and life sciences and technologies	215	200	15	0	0	10
26. Biological and biomedical sciences	70	65	0	0	0	10
30.01 Biological and physical sciences	70	70	0	0	0	0
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences 125	0	0	0	0	0	0
40. Physical sciences	35	30	10	0	0	0
41. Science technologies/technicians	35	35	0	0	0	0
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	175	160	10	0	0	10
11. Computer and information sciences and support services	140	130	10	0	0	10
25. Library science	10	10	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0
27. Mathematics and statistics	15	15	U	U	U	0

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	1,615	1,525	60	10	20	65		
04. Architecture and related services	45	40	10	0	0	10		
14. Engineering	105	95	10	0	0	10		
15. Engineering technologies and engineering-related fields	310	290	20	0	0	15		
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation	0	0	0	0	0	(
46. Construction trades	715	680	15	0	10	20		
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians	365	340	15	0	10	1		
48. Precision production	75	70	0	0	0			
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	215	205	10	0	0	1		
01. Agriculture, agriculture operations and related sciences	15	15	10	0	0			
03. Natural resources and conservation	200	190	10	0	0	1		
Health and related fields	750	695	45	0	0	5		
31. Parks, recreation, leisure and fitness studies	105	95	10	0	0	1		
51. Health professions and related programs	640	600	40	0	0	4		
60. Dental, medical and veterinary residency programs	0	0	0	0	0			
Personal, protective and transportation services	985	945	25	0	10	2		
12. Personal and culinary services	310	305	0	0	0			
28. Military science, leadership and operational art	0.0	0	0	0	0			
29. Military technologies and applied sciences	10	10	0	0	0			
	160	145	10	0	0	11		
43. Security and protective services								
49. Transportation and materials moving	500	490	0	0	10	1		
Other	0	0	0	0	0			
30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies, other	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence with countries outside Canada for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 127	23,935	22,660	465	70	735	50		
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	15,755	14,930	120	35	670	14		
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 128	8,180	7,735	345	35	70	36		
Location of study inside Canada	7,640	7,225	325	20	70	34		
Same as province or territory of residence	3,335	3,250	10	10	55	2		
Different than province or territory of residence	4,310	3,975	310	10	10	32		
Location of study outside Canada 129	535	510	15	10	0	2		
United States 130	115	115	0	0	0			
Philippines	130	130	0	0	0			
India	20	25	0	0	0			
	70	70	0	0	0	'		
United Kingdom 131								
China 132	0	10	0	0	0			
France	0	0	0	0	0			
Other Total - Population aged 15 years and over by Labour force status - 25% sample data	180	165	10	10	0	1:		
	23,935	22,660	465	70	735	(not applicable		
In the labour force	16,340	15,660	430	55	195	(not applicable		
Employed	12,825	12,220	405	40	150	(not applicable		
Unemployed	3,515	3,440	25	10	40	(not applicable		
Not in the labour force	7,595	6,995	30	15	545	(not applicable		
Participation rate	68.3	69.1	92.5	78.6	26.5	(not applicable		
Employment rate	53.6	53.9	87.1	57.1	20.4	(not applicable		
Unemployment rate	21.5	22.0	5.8	18.2	20.5	(not applicable		
Total population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - 25% sample data 134	23,930	22,660	465	65	740	50		
Did not work 135	7,415	6,870	35	10	500	40		
Worked	16,515	15,785	430	55	235	46		

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
Worked full year, full time 136	7,760	7,390	265	30	80	275		
Worked part year and/or part time 137	8,755	8,400	170	30	155	185		
Average weeks worked in reference year	38.0	37.9	45.5	37.7	32.3	(not applicable)		
Total - Occupation - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015 - 25% sample data 138	17,000	16,255	440	55	245	470		
a.Management	1,425	1,315	90	10	10	95		
00 Senior management occupations	250	230	0	10	0	0		
01-05 Specialized middle management occupations	640	590	50	10	0	55		
06 Middle management occupations in retail and wholesale trade and customer services	285	260	25	0	0	25		
07-09 Middle management occupations in trades, transportation, production and utilities	255	240	10	0	0	10		
b.Professional	2,610	2,470	100	10	30	105		
11 Professional occupations in business and finance	255	235	15	0	0	15		
21 Professional occupations in natural and applied sciences	165	155	10	0	0	10		
30 Professional occupations in nursing	140	135	0	0	0	10		
31 Professional occupations in health (except nursing)	70	60	10	0	0	10		
40 Professional occupations in education services	1,025	985	25	0	20	25		
41 Professional occupations in law and social, community and government services	670	630	30	0	0	35		
51 Professional occupations in art and culture	285	270	10	0	10	10		
c.Technical and paraprofessional	1,775	1,645	70	10	50	75		
22 Technical occupations related to natural and applied sciences	315	290	20	0	0	20		
32 Technical occupations in health	85	80	10	10	0	10		
42 Paraprofessional occupations in legal, social, community and education services	840	780	15	10	40	20		
43 Occupations in front-line public protection services	170	145	20	10	0	20		
52 Technical occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	365	350	10	0	10	10		
d.Administration and administrative support	2,165	2,105	40	0	10	40		
12 Administrative and financial supervisors and administrative occupations	970	940	20	0	0	20		
13 Finance, insurance and related business administrative occupations	170	165	10	0	0	0		
14 Office support occupations	875	865	0	0	0	10		
15 Distribution, tracking and scheduling co-ordination occupations	145	135	10	0	0	0		
e.Sales	1,660	1,645	10	0	0	0		
62 Retail sales supervisors and specialized sales occupations	80	80	0	0	0	0		
64 Sales representatives and salespersons - Wholesale and retail trade	125	120	0	0	0	0		
66 Sales support occupations	1,455	1,445	0	0	10	0		
f.Personal and customer information services	3,785	3,625	65	10	85	70		
34 Assisting occupations in support of health services	185	185	0	0	0	0		
44 Care providers and educational, legal and public protection support occupations	935	900	15	0	15	20		
63 Service supervisors and specialized service occupations	400	370	10	0	10	10		
65 Service representatives and other customer and personal services occupations	605	565	15	10	10	20		
67 Service support and other service occupations, n.e.c.	1,660	1,600	15	0	40	15		
g.Industrial, construction and equipment operation trades	915	865	35	10	0	40		
72 Industrial, electrical and construction trades	625	590	20	10	0	25		
73 Maintenance and equipment operation trades	295	275	15	0	0	15		
h.Workers and labourers in transport and construction	2,080	2,030	30	10	15	35		
74 Other installers, repairers and servicers and material handlers	180	180	0	0	0	10		
75 Transport and heavy equipment operation and related maintenance occupations	1,260	1,215	30	0	10	30		
76 Trades helpers, construction labourers and related occupations	640	630	0	0	10	0		
i.Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	370	350	0	0	15	0		
82 Supervisors and technical occupations in natural resources, agriculture and					-			
related production	150	140	0	0	10	0		

			First offi	cial language spok	cen (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number 1
84 Workers in natural resources, agriculture and related production	85	80	0	0	10	(
86 Harvesting, landscaping and natural resources labourers	130	130	0	0	0	(
j.Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	220	205	10	0	10	(
92 Processing, manufacturing and utilities supervisors and central control operators	95	95	0	0	0	10
94 Processing and manufacturing machine operators and related production workers	55	45	0	0	0	(
95 Assemblers in manufacturing	10	10	10	0	0	(
96 Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	65	60	0	0	0	(
Total - Industry - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2012 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015 - 25% sample data 139	16,995	16,255	440	55	245	465
11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	195	180	0	0	15	(
111 - 112 Farms 140	10	0	0	0	0	(
113 Forestry and logging	0	0	0	0	0	(
114 Fishing, hunting and trapping	185	170	0	0	10	(
115 Support activities for agriculture and forestry	0	0	0	0	0	(
21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	690	680	0	10	10	10
211 Oil and gas extraction	0	10	0	0	0	(
212 Mining and quarrying (except oil and gas)	600	590	0	0	0	10
213 Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	80	75	0	0	0	(
22 Utilities	310	300	10	0	0	(
221 Utilities	310	300	0	0	0	(
23 Construction	1,115	1,060	35	0	10	40
236 Construction of buildings	640	610	25	0	0	25
237 Heavy and civil engineering construction	80	75	0	0	0	(
238 Specialty trade contractors	395	375	15	0	0	15
31-33 Manufacturing	160	140	10	0	10	10
311 Food manufacturing	70	65	10	0	0	(
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
313 Textile mills	0	0	0	0	0	(
314 Textile product mills	10	10	0	0	0	(
315 Clothing manufacturing	15	10	0	0	0	(
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
321 Wood product manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	(
322 Paper manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
323 Printing and related support activities	10	0	0	0	0	(
324 Petroleum and coal product manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
325 Chemical manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	10	0	0	0	0	(
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	10	0	0	0	0	(
331 Primary metal manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	(
333 Machinery manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	(
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	(
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	(
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing 339 Miscellaneous manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	
·	125	115	10	0	0	10
41 Wholesale trade						
411 Farm product merchant wholesalers	0	0	0	0	0	
412 Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers	30	30	0	0	0	(

	First official language spoken (6)						
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1	
414 Personal and household goods merchant wholesalers	10	0	0	0	0	0	
415 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and accessories merchant wholesalers	0	0	0	0	0	0	
416 Building material and supplies merchant wholesalers	50	45	10	0	0	0	
417 Machinery, equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers	10	10	0	0	0	0	
418 Miscellaneous merchant wholesalers	20	20	0	0	0	C	
419 Business-to-business electronic markets, and agents and brokers	0	0	0	0	0	C	
44-45 Retail trade	2,145	2,100	20	0	15	25	
441 Motor vehicle and parts dealers	15	20	0	0	0	C	
442 Furniture and home furnishings stores	0	0	0	0	0	C	
443 Electronics and appliance stores	10	15	0	0	0	C	
444 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	30	30	0	0	0	C	
445 Food and beverage stores	1,490	1,465	15	0	10	15	
446 Health and personal care stores	50	50	0	0	0	(
447 Gasoline stations	155	155	0	0	0	(
448 Clothing and clothing accessories stores	50	45	0	0	0	(
451 Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	20	15	10	0	0	(
452 General merchandise stores	200	205	0	0	0	(
453 Miscellaneous store retailers	95	95	0	0	0	(
454 Non-store retailers	15	10	0	0	0	(
48-49 Transportation and warehousing	865	815	40	0	10	45	
481 Air transportation	315	300	10	0	0	10	
482 Rail transportation	0.0	0	0	0	0	(
483 Water transportation	10	10	0	0	0	(
484 Truck transportation	125	120	0	0	0	(
485 Transit and ground passenger transportation	115	90	20	10	0	25	
486 Pipeline transportation	0	0	0	0	0	(
487 Scenic and sightseeing transportation	0	0	0	0	0	(
488 Support activities for transportation	245	235	0	10	0	10	
491 Postal service	40	40	0	0	0	(
	10	10	0	0	0	(
492 Couriers and messengers 493 Warehousing and storage	10	10	0	0	0		
51 Information and cultural industries	220	205	10	0	0	10	
511 Publishing industries (except Internet)	15	10	0	0	0	(
512 Motion picture and sound recording industries	30	20	0	0	10	(
515 Broadcasting (except Internet)	95	95	0	0	10	(
517 Telecommunications	45	40	10	0	0	(
518 Data processing, hosting, and related services	0	0	0	0	0	(
519 Other information services	40	35	0	0	0	(
52 Finance and insurance	120	115	0	0	0	(
521 Monetary authorities - central bank	0	0	0	0	0	(
522 Credit intermediation and related activities	75	75	10	0	0	(
523 Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investment and related activities	10	10	0	0	0	(
524 Insurance carriers and related activities	25	30	0	0	0	(
526 Funds and other financial vehicles	0	10	0	0	0	(
53 Real estate and rental and leasing	535	520	10	0	10	10	
531 Real estate	525	515	10	0	10	10	
532 Rental and leasing services	10	0	0	0	0	(
533 Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	0	0	0	0	0	(
54 Professional, scientific and technical services	315	295	15	0	0	10	
541 Professional, scientific and technical services	315	295	15	0	0	15	

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number		
55 Management of companies and enterprises	15	10	0	0	0	ı		
551 Management of companies and enterprises	15	10	0	0	0			
56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	465	435	15	0	15	1		
561 Administrative and support services	415	380	15	0	15	1		
562 Waste management and remediation services	50	50	0	0	0	1		
61 Educational services	2,020	1,920	35	0	65	3		
611 Educational services	2,025	1,915	35	0	65	4		
62 Health care and social assistance	1,435	1,365	35	0	30	3		
621 Ambulatory health care services	280	275	0	0	10	1		
622 Hospitals	215	205	10	0	0	1		
623 Nursing and residential care facilities	245	235	0	0	10			
624 Social assistance	690	650	20	0	20	2		
71 Arts, entertainment and recreation	325	310	10	0	10	1		
711 Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries	125	120	0	0	0	1		
712 Heritage institutions	70	65	0	0	0			
713 Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	135	130	0	0	0			
72 Accommodation and food services	695	670	20	0	10			
721 Accommodation services	415	400	10	0	0			
722 Food services and drinking places	280	275	10	0	0	1		
81 Other services (except public administration)	505	475	15	10	10	1		
811 Repair and maintenance	120	115	10	0	0	<u>'</u>		
812 Personal and laundry services	25	20	0	0	0	1		
	310	300	10	0	10			
813 Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations 814 Private households	45	45	0	0	0			
91 Public administration	4,750	4,535	170	20	30	18		
	750	685	60	0	10	6		
911 Federal government public administration								
912 Provincial and territorial public administration	2,435	2,330	85	15	0	9		
913 Local, municipal and regional public administration	1,390	1,360	10	0	20	1		
914 Aboriginal public administration	170	155	10	0	0	1		
919 International and other extra-territorial public administration	0	10	0	0	0			
Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 141	12,825	12,220	410	45	150	43		
Worked at home	385	345	15	10	20	2		
Worked outside Canada	10	0	0	0	0			
No fixed workplace address	950	900	30	0	15	3		
Worked at usual place	11,485	10,970	360	40	120	38		
Total - Language used most often at work for the population in private households aged	,							
15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015 - 25% sample data 142	16,995	16,255	440	55	245	47		
English	12,145	11,720	365	35	25	38		
French	75	10	60	0	0	6		
Non-official language	4,495	4,255	0	20	215	1		
Aboriginal	4,480	4,245	0	15	215	1		
Non-Aboriginal	15	10	0	0	0			
English and French	15	0	10	0	0	1		
English and non-official language	270	265	0	10	0			
French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0			
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0			
Total - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015 - 25% Sample Data 143	16,995	16,255	440	55	245	46		
None	7,355	6,965	185	20	185	19		
English	3,665	3,570	45	10	40			
•	3,530	-,5.0		.0	.5			

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken		French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
Non-official language	5,560	5,505	25	10	20	25		
Aboriginal	5,520	5,465	25	10	25	30		
Non-Aboriginal	40	40	0	10	0	0		
English and French	10	0	0	10	0	0		
English and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0		
French and non-official language	50	40	15	0	0	10		
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work - 25% sample data	11,485	10,975	360	35	115	380		
Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence	11,050	10,555	360	30	105	375		
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence	355	340	0	0	10	0		
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of residence	30	30	0	0	0	0		
Commute to a different province or territory	50	50	0	0	0	0		
Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data 144	12,435	11,870	390	40	130	410		
Car, truck, van - as a driver	3,600	3,385	195	15	15	195		
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	2,225	2,130	50	10	25	55		
Public transit	100	100	0	0	0	0		
Walked	5,495	5,300	125	10	60	135		
Bicycle	20	15	0	0	0	10		
Other method	990	945	15	10	30	20		
Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data 145	12,430	11,875	390	40	130	410		
Less than 15 minutes	10,585	10,110	340	30	105	355		
15 to 29 minutes	1,325	1,270	45	10	15	45		
30 to 44 minutes	140	135	10	0	0	10		
45 to 59 minutes	65	60	0	0	0	0		
60 minutes and over	320	305	0	0	10	0		
Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data 146	12,430	11,875	390	40	130	410		
Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	140	130	10	0	0	10		
Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	585	555	25	0	0	25		
Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	2,060	1,940	95	10	15	100		
Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	6,590	6,305	210	20	60	220		
Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.	1,545	1,485	25	0	30	30		
Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.	1,510	1,460	25	10	25	30		
Total - Mobility status 1 year ago - 25% sample data 147	34,875		565	85	1,840	610		
Non-movers	29,485		375	75	1,635	410		
Movers	5,400		195	10	210	205		
Non-migrants	3,560		65	0	200	70		
Migrants	1,840		130	10	10	130		
Internal migrants	1,785		125	10	10	125		
Intraprovincial migrants	795		25	0	10	25		
Interprovincial migrants	990	880	100	10	0	105		
External migrants	55	50	0	10	0	0		
Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - 25% sample data 148	31,435		530	80	1,235	565		
Non-movers	18,455		140	40	915	165		
Movers	12,975		385	40	320	405		
Non-migrants	8,745		115	20	290	125		

	First official language spoken (6)						
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)	
Migrants	4,235	3,910	270	20	25	280	
Internal migrants	4,045	3,745	255	15	25	265	
Intraprovincial migrants	1,515	1,465	20	0	25	25	
Interprovincial migrants	2,530	2,285	235	15	0	245	
External migrants	185	170	15	10	0	10	

Symbol(s)

- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- F too unreliable to be published

Footnote(s)

- The official language minority population of Quebec includes all individuals with English as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French. The official language minority population of the country overall and of every province and territory other than Quebec includes individuals with French as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French.
- 2 For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Marital status.

- 3 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period.

It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Working income tax benefit;
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that

group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

4 Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

6 Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- Government transfers All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:
 - Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
 - retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
 - benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
 - child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
 - social assistance benefits;
 - workers' compensation benefits;
 - Working income tax benefit;
 - Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
 - other income from government sources.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 8 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals:
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 12 Full-year full-time workers Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2015. For more information, see variable work activity in 2015, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2016.
- Median income The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median.

Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

4 Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both languages or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as 'spoken most often at home' if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, the language spoken most often at home is the language in which he or she feels most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where two languages are spoken to the child, the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often. If both languages are used equally often, then both languages are included here.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Other language(s) spoken regularly at home refers to the languages, if any, that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection, other than the language or languages he or she speaks most often at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned two languages at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has two mother tongues only if the two languages were used equally often and are still understood by the person. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. The child has two mother tongues only if both languages are spoken equally often so that the child learns both languages at the same time.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

19 'Knowledge of official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

'Knowledge of non-official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys, depending on the objectives of the survey.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

This is a total population count. The sum of the languages in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one language in the census.

Aboriginal identity refers to whether the person identified with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada. This includes those who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 21 'Aboriginal identity' includes persons who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.
- 22 'Single Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are in only one Aboriginal group, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 24 'Multiple Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- 'Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere' includes persons who are not First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who have Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 27 'Registered or Treaty Indian Status' includes persons who are a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- Aboriginal ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, and Inuit. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 29 'Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 30 'Single Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 31 Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
- 32 'Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 33 'Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 34 'Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 35 'Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 36 'Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Aboriginal ancestry only.
- 37 Citizenship refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless, that is, they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 38 'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.
- 39 'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.

40 Immigrant status refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 41 'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- 42 'Immigrants' includes persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- 43 Includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- 44 'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members sharing the same permit and living in Canada with them.
- 45 'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth.

In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It refers to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 47 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- <u>48</u> Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.
- 49 Serbia excludes Kosovo.
- 50 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 51 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- 52 The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.
- 53 The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 54 The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.
- 55 The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.
- 56 The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

57 'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 58 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 59 The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.
- 60 Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.
- 61 The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.
- 62 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 63 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- 64 The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.
- 65 The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 66 The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.
- 67 The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.
- 68 The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'
- 69 The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'
- <u>70</u> Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada.

For more information on generation status variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 71 'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or once were, immigrants to
- 72 'Second generation' includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- 73 'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

74 'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 75 'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.
- 76 'Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.
- 'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse, the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.
- 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.
- 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.
- Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.
- Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

For more information on the Visible minority variable, including information on its classification, the questions from which it is derived, data quality and its comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 82 The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour '
- 83 For example, 'East Indian,' 'Pakistani,' 'Sri Lankan', etc.
- 84 For example, 'Vietnamese,' 'Cambodian,' 'Laotian,' 'Thai,' etc.
- $\underline{85}$ For example, 'Afghan,' 'Iranian,' etc.
- 86 The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere.' Includes persons with a write-in response such as 'Guyanese,' 'West Indian,' 'Tibetan,' 'Polynesian,' 'Pacific Islander,' etc.
- 87 Includes persons who gave more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in responses, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian.'
- 88 Includes persons who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal group question (Question 18), as well as persons who were not considered to be members of a visible minority group.
- 89 This is a total population estimate. The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic origin in the census.

'Ethnic origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors. An ancestor is usually more distant than a grandparent. For additional information on the collection and dissemination of ethnic origin data, refer to the Ethnic Origin Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 90 Includes general responses indicating North American origins (e.g., 'North American') as well as more specific responses indicating North American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maritimer').
- 91 Includes general responses indicating British Isles origins (e.g., 'British,' 'United Kingdom') as well as more specific responses indicating British Isles origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Celtic').
- 92 Includes general responses indicating Western European origins (e.g., 'Western European') as well as more specific responses indicating Western European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Liechtensteiner').
- 93 Includes general responses indicating Northern European origins (e.g., 'Northern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Northern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Faroese,' 'Scandinavian').
- 94 Includes responses of 'Czechoslovakian,' not otherwise specified.
- 95 Includes general responses indicating Eastern European origins (e.g., 'Eastern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Eastern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baltic').
- 96 Includes responses of 'Yugoslavian,' not otherwise specified.
- 97 Includes general responses indicating Southern European origins (e.g., 'Southern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Gibraltarian').
- 98 Includes responses of 'Slavic,' not otherwise specified.
- 99 Includes general responses indicating Other European origins (e.g., 'European') as well as more specific responses indicating European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Central European').
- 100 Includes responses of 'West Indian,' not otherwise specified.
- 101 Includes general responses indicating Caribbean origins (e.g., 'Antilles,' 'Caribbean') as well as more specific responses indicating Caribbean origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Aruban').
- 102 Includes general responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins (e.g., 'South American') as well as more specific responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Surinamese').
- 103 Includes general responses indicating Central or West African origins (e.g., 'West African') as well as more specific responses indicating Central or West African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Luba,' 'Mossi').
- 104 Includes general responses indicating North African origins (e.g., 'North African') as well as more specific responses indicating North African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maghreb').
- 105 Includes responses of 'Bantu,' not otherwise specified.
- 106 Includes general responses indicating Southern or East African origins (e.g., 'East African') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern or East African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Hutu,' 'Shona').
- 107 Includes responses of 'Black,' not otherwise specified.
- 108 Includes general responses indicating Other African origins (e.g., 'African') as well as more specific responses indicating Other African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Saharan').
- 109 Includes responses of 'Arab,' not otherwise specified.
- 110 Includes general responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins (e.g., 'West Asian,' 'Middle Eastern') as well as more specific responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baloch,' 'Circassian').
- 111 Includes general responses indicating South Asian origins (e.g., 'South Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating South Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Telugu').
- 112 Includes general responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins (e.g., 'Southeast Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Bruneian').
- 113 Includes general responses indicating Other Asian origins (e.g., 'Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating Other Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Eurasian').
- 114 Includes responses of 'Polynesian,' not otherwise specified.

- 115 Includes general responses indicating Pacific Islands origins (e.g., 'Pacific Islander') as well as more specific responses indicating Pacific Islands origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Tahitian').
- 116 Highest certificate, diploma or degree is the classification used in the census to measure the broader concept of 'Educational attainment.'

This variable refers to the highest level of education that a person has successfully completed and is derived from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported.

The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education. At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a 'master's degree' necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above bachelor level.'

Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

Users are advised to consult data quality comments for 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree', available in the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

- 117 'Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- 118 'Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions.
- 119 'Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' also includes Journeyperson's designations.
- 120 'Earned doctorate' refers to persons who have completed a doctorate degree awarded by a university. This includes, for example, Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) and Doctor of Juridical Science (S.J.D.). It does not include honorary doctorates.
- 121 'Field of study' refers to the discipline or area of learning/training associated with a particular course or programme of study.

This variable refers to the predominant discipline or area of learning or training of a person's highest completed postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.

This 'Major field of study' variable can be used either independently or in conjunction with the 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree' variable. When the latter is used with 'Major field of study,' it should be noted that different fields of study will be more common for different types of postsecondary qualifications. At the detailed program level, some programs are only offered by certain types of institutions.

There was an explicit instruction in the questionnaire which instructed respondents to be as specific as possible in indicating a subfield or subcategory of specialization within a broad discipline or area of training.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2016 - Alternative primary groupings' CIP variant, with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies,' these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada 2016: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/concepts/classification.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

Certain series and their subcomponents are not used when coding major field of study for the census. These are series 21, 32 to 37 and 53, which represent non-credit and personal improvement fields of study.

- 122 'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes persons who have not completed an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma; a college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma; or a university certificate, diploma or degree.
- 123 'Interdisciplinary humanities' includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies,' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies,' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' and '30.29 Maritime studies.'
- 124 'Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences' includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution,' '30.10 Biopsychology,' '30.11 Gerontology,' '30.14 Museology/museum studies,' '30.15 Science, technology and society,' '30.17 Behavioural sciences,' '30.20 International/global studies,' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies,' '30.25 Cognitive science,' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis,' '30.28 Dispute resolution,' '30.31 Human computer interaction' and '30.33 Sustainability studies.'
- 125 'Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences' includes '30.18 Natural sciences,' '30.19 Nutrition sciences,' '30.27 Human biology' and '30.32 Marine sciences.'

- 126 'Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences' includes '30.06 Systems science and theory,' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' and '30.30 Computational science.'
- 127 'Location of study' refers to either:
 - the province, territory or country of the institution from which a person obtained a certificate, diploma or degree, or;
 - the province, territory or country of the institution that a person attended during a specified reference period, or for a specific level of education.

In both cases, location of study refers to the location of the institution granting the certificate, diploma or degree, not the location of the person at the time he or she obtained the qualification or was attending the institution. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of study.

This is a summary variable that indicates whether the 'Location of study' of the person's highest certificate, diploma or degree was the same province or territory where the person lived at the time of the 2016 Census of Population, a different Canadian province or territory, or outside Canada. This variable is derived from 'Location of study' and 'Province or territory of current residence.' It only applies to individuals who had completed a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

'Location of study outside Canada' may be further sub-classified using the Standard Classification of Countries and Areas of Interest (SCCAI). When using the SCCAI for this sub-classification, the class 'Canada' is not used.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for 'Location of study compared with province or territory of residence,' refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

- 128 'Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma,' 'college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates, diplomas and degrees.
- Refers to all locations of study outside Canada, including the six locations outside Canada most often reported at the national level. These will not necessarily be the top six countries for other geographies.
- 130 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 131 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 132 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

Early enumeration was conducted in remote, isolated parts of the provinces and territories. When enumeration has taken place before May 2016, the reference date used is the date on which the household was enumerated.

In the past, this variable was called Labour force activity.

- Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2015 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).
- 135 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked, persons who worked prior to 2015 and persons who worked in 2016, but not in 2015.
- 136 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year (49 weeks and over) and mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) in 2015.
- 137 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year mostly part time or part year mostly full time or part year mostly part time in 2015. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.
- 138 Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016.
- 139 Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked.
- 140 The code and title of this category are not found in the North American Classification System (NAICS) 2012; this category is needed due to the combination of NAICS sub-sectors performed during the coding process.
- 141 Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

142 Language used most often at work refers to the language the person uses most often at work. A person can report more than one language as 'used most often at work' if the languages are used equally often.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Other language(s) used regularly at work refers to the languages, if any, that the person uses in their job on a regular basis, other than the language or languages he or she uses most often at work.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.
- 145 Refers to the length of time, in minutes, usually required by a person to travel between his or her place of residence and his or her place of work.
- 146 Refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves home to go to their place of work.
- Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

Data quality note(s) - Nunavut

- Incomplete enumeration flag Default. Not applicable.
- Long-form data quality flag
 Global non-response rate (GNR), long-form census questionnaire: 8.7%.
- Long-form income data quality flag
 Data quality index showing a long-form income non-response rate higher than or equal to 10%, but lower than 20%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016352.

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